Weather—Fair today and tomor-row: not much change in temperature; light to moderate winds. Temperature 'yesterday—Maximum, 75; -minimum, 45. -- -- --

NO. 13,150.

WASHINGTON: MONDAY, JUNE 10, 1912.—TWELVE PAGES.

2 U. S. WARSHIPS SENT TO HAVANA

Foreigners Fearing Race War his charge. He favors the sending of a Appeal for Protection.

RAINS CHECK THE RIOTING

Naval Force Will Be Landed if Necessary to Keep Order.

NEARER TO INTERVENTION

Threats of Negroes Against White Women Arouse Alarm-Race Hatred, Until Recently Unknown in the Island, Rap-Congress Holds That Consent of Congress Is Necessary to Intervention. Senator Nelson Accuses the Sugar Trust of Fomenting Uprising-President Gomez's Secretary Declares Outbreaks in Havana Unimportant.

The Navy Department, acting under instructions from the State Department, last night ordered Admiral Osterhaus to proceed today. Mr. Sulzer is against intervention, forthwith from Key West to Havana with one dispatch ship and one other ship.

Race War Develops.

of a dispatch from Minister Beau-Havana and suburbs of the city least indication of disorder. had assumed the character of a sent the following letter to the Asso-

Hand whatever force is necessary to assist the Cuban government in preserving the public same.

Negroes Goaded Into V. Minister Beaupre's message and that conditions in and around Havana had been menacing since Friday night, and that Saturday night there were antinegro demonstrations of large proportions by irresponsible elements, and that there were clashes in every quarter of Havana grees were being goaded into violence and that retaliation might have disasforeigners and many Cubans, he said, were very apprehensive, and desired the sending of an American war vessel. A press dispatch from Havana last night said that torrential rains had temporarily restored order in the city.

Situation Becomes Critical.

The threat of a race war in Havan has arisen for the United States in Cuba vention, despite the growing feeling in Congress that foreign interests anxious to force intervention and possibly compa annexation are responsible for igniting the fires of racial hatred. The Inability of the Gomez governmen

to preserve order is daily more glaringly apparent. The American note of June 6 declared that "continued failure" to d

President Taft was absent from Washington yesterday, but the critical situaction will command his attention today. Eight American warships are now in on their way to Cuban waters, and 5,000 troops of the regular army are in readiness for instant movement to the island. Despite the gravity of the situation. strong element in Congress, including Senators Root and Bacon, holds that the consent of Congress is necessary to intervention. Before this consent is given it is evident that Congress will wish to know

more about the origin of the revolution. White Women Threatened.

Even the most optimistic here fear the outbreak of a race war. The negroes in the campaign against the whites threaten to follow tactics which have aroused all acquainted with the situation to the greatest indignation and call for imme dlate methods at unsparing expense to crush them.

It is learned that the negroes announce as part of their party policy that hereafter while women in Cuba shall suffer. This, it is said, accounts for crimes against white women already perpetrated by the negroes, reports of which have reached here. The Cuban authorities so far have been unable to apprehend or punish the

Advices reaching here for the last few days show that hatred between the whites and negroes in Cuba has been rapidly kindling as a result of the uprising. There has been no enmity between whites or negrees on the Island prior to the present rebellion. But the suspension of the constitutional guarantees in Oriente and the

Additional Fast Train to the West Via Chesapeake & Ohio Ry. New fast train leaves Washington daily

m. and I1:10 p. m. Complete sleeping and

intention of the Cuban government to deal summarily, even with negro suspects, has apparently brought the negroes closer together, partly as a means of self-

Accuses the Sugar Trust. That the sugar trust is financing the present rebellion in Cuba is the charge nade by Senator Nelson of Minnesota He has introduced a resolution to investigate the trouble and believes that it will result in establishing the truth of committee to Cuba if necessary. "American interests are mainly ponsible for inciting and fomenting disorder in both Cuba and Central America, and their object is to bring about annexation if possible," said Senator Nelstep, and I believe the Senate should in-

estigate the situation "You can understand the desire of the American sugar interests to bring about intervention in Cuba and subsequent annexation, when you recall that Cuban sugar imports are now taxed 80 per cent of the tariff duties fixed in the Payne tariff law. If the Island were annexed to the United States, this sugar would come in free and the trust would profit

' Wants Testimony of Rebels.

"My idea is that the testimony of the leaders of the rebellion should be secured by the foreign relations committee of the Senate, either by sending a subcommittee to the island or by inviting them to come to Washington and state their grievances.

"If this cannot be done, the leaders should be captured and tried on the idly Kindling-Despite the Gravity charge of inciting rebellion and revoluof the Situation, a Strong Element in | tion, and the truth as to who is financing their activities learned in this way." Continuing, Senator Nelson said he had noticed that the demand for annexaion was made in some quarters immediately following every outbreak in any of our Latin-American neighbors. The revolutions were financed with this end

> Senor Orestes, speaker of the Cuban house of representatives, arrived in Washington yesterday. He minimizes the extent of the revolution, says the comparatively small number of negroes in revolt have limited ammunition, and that the government can readily suppress them. Representative Sulzer, chairman of the House foreign affairs committee, will take him to the State Department and declares that the chief need of the sitaution is further investigation.

in view, be said.

Rains Restore Quiet.

Havana, June 9.-A deluge of rain, which began this morning and threatened to continue all night, relieved the city of These orders were issued by the Havana of the dreaded peril of an uprising of the whites against the negroes. State Department after the receipt The streets of the capital this evening to it. There is but one way to handle were deserted, save for patrols of mounted rurales, regular infantry, the police, pre, reporting that conditions in and home guards. There was not the

Presidential Secretary Ramirez tonight

ciated Press correspondent : What happened in Havana last night It is probable that Admiral Os- is without importance. Even those who terhaus besides the dispatch ship serve the yellow press, and who read its exaggerated reports, will agree that will take his flagship, the Wash- what I say is true. You, having been ington, into Cuban waters. He will present, and having seen what occurred, can judge with accuracy how passions, excited by the existing propaganda in Havana, and by the false news circulated, nave resulted in collisions between the whites and the blacks, which the police

easily quelled. "In general, the situation is improving in Oriente. The racial movement is disappearing, and the insurgent bodies of any importance are dissolving before the constant pursuit of our soldiers. We have now in Oriente upward of 14,000 troops. including rurales, regulars, volunteers. "I am convinced that soon the whole republic will be pacified—but not necessarily within five or six days."

This statement by the presidential secetary was made with the approval (President Gomez

KILLED IN CONVICT MUTINY

One Prisoner Dead, Two Wounded. During San Quentin Strike.

Hose, Spouting Steam, Turned on Men When Between 200 and 300 Start a Riot.

San Quentin, Cal., June 9.-A continuation today of the "grub strike" demonstration, begun yesterday in San Quentin prison, developed into a riot in the genthis would inevitably force the United eral mess hall, as a result of which one prisoner was shot and killed and two were wounded. The dead-H. L. Lyn- tana, Col. Roosevelt's campaign manager, wood, a naval prisoner, serving a term of and other leaders. six and one-half years for desertion and mpersonating an officer. The wounded-Frank Taylor, a negro, serving twenty years for robbery committed in San francisco, shot through the hand. H. A. George, struck in the leg by a glancing bullet.

Nineteen hundred prisoners were sitting down to dinner this afternoon, when 200 or 300 of the men began throwing dishes and food about. They were driven out with hose spouting steam, several being severely burned.

The majority of the convicts who had aken no part in the demonstration and were anxious to escape made a rush for the three doors. At two of the doors several of the rioters gathered and endeavored to block egress, their purpose being to keep the men in the mess hall and prolong the demonstration. It was here that Lynwood, one of the

leaders of the mutineers, was shot A guard's bullet pierced his chest, and he died almost instantly, Taylor received a bullet through his Boics Penrose, of Pennsylvania; Otto hand. The bullet glanced and struck F. Steifel, of Missouri; Gov. John E. George in the leg. George had taken Mead, of Vermont; Ralph Cameron, of no part in the disturbance. The prisoners were quickly marched

cells, but even after being locked up they continued their shricks of defiance until late tonight.

ADMIRAL EVERETT DEAD.

Retired Naval Officer Had Been Ill for a Long Time.

Newport, R. I., June 10 .-- Rear Admiral William Henry Everett, U. S. N. treat 6:35 p. in. for Cincinnati and the West, tired), died at his home in this city this Other trains leave Washington at 3:18 p. | morning. He had been ill for a long time with complication of diseases.

Taft Committeemen Angry, but Will Not Answer Charges.

Will Continue Contests, as He Wants "Robbery Done in Daylight."

Roosevelt Manager Foresees Plan to Unseat Delegates From California, South Dakota, Washington, and Missouri. Colonel to Be in Chicago Some Time During the Week-Taft Steering Committee Is Formed.

Chicago, June 9 .- A majority of the members of the Republican national committee after a lengthy conference today unofficially decided to refrain from any comment upon the statement issued last night by Col. Theodore Roosevelt, ir which the former President denounced the action of the committee in scating the two Taft delegates from the Ninth

Alabama district. Today's impromptu meeting of national committee members was held at a downtown hotel, and was attended exclusively by those committeemen who generally are accepted as being favorable to President Taft's candidacy for renomination

Committeemen Are Indignant. Certain of the committeemen who attended the meeting expressed great in statement, which they declared was deserving of an emphatic reply. Others however, counseled against a reply of any kind, and urged their fellow committee members to ignore the statement. This

advice finally prevailed. Scarcely any of the Taft members of the committee would discuss today's neeting after it had been concluded. One,

"We are going to stand on our actions, are prejudiced and unfair. The work speaks for itself, and that is all there is unreasonable people, and that is to ig-

Dixon Makes Charges.

Senator Dixon tonight issued a statement in which he denied reports that the Roosevelt managers intended to withdraw statement said:

"Of course, we do not intend to do any such thing. Every contest will be presented by us. If a majority of the national committee is prepared to deliberately unseat Roosevelt delegates, as the Taft managers insist they will do, we are going to see that the robbery is committed State. in the open daylight and in the full view of 90,000,000 American citizens.

"It is perfectly apparent that the Taff managers have under perfect control enough members of the national commit-

To Unseat Primary Delegate.

"To gain temporary control of the convention the inner circle of Taft managers boldly have determined to unseat Roosevelt delegates from California. Washington, Missouri, and South Dakota. In California and South Dakota Col. Roosevelt received overwhelming majorities in the preferential primaries.

"In Missouri and Washington Col Roosevelt had majorities of from 300 to 400 in the State conventions."

Illinois, manager of the Taft campaign. was absent, other men of prominence discussed plans for the final week before the national convention is called to order. Representative McKinley spent Sunday at his home at Champaign.

Despite the fact that it was Sunday and that a number of the leaders were out of town, the campaign headquarters busy most of the day and late tonight. San Francisco graft cases, and former Gov. George C. Pardee of California, who were among those arriving at the Roose velt headquarters today, conferred with United States Senator Dixon, of Mon-

Gifford Pinchot, former forester under President Roosevelt, arrived tonight from the East, too tired, he said, to discuss the situation tonight. He said he expected to have a conference with Roosevelt leaders tomorrow, after which he might issue a statement. He would not say whether he came at the personal

solicitation of Col. Roosevelt.

"Rough Riders" Drilling. A troop of 200 Rough Riders has been organized by Maj. John V. Clinnin to act as the personal escort of Col. Roosevelt if he decides to come to Chicago before the Republican convention. Daily drills will be held in Lincoln Park in preparation for the arrival of Col. Roose-

A Taft "steering" committee, to take charge of the President's preconvention campaign, in conjunction with Representative William B. McKinley, director of the national Taft bureau, was named tonight as follows:

Joseph B. Kealing, of Indiana; William Barnes, jr., of New York; Senator Arizona: Col. Isaac N. Ullman, of Connecticut; T. A. Marlow, of Montana; Harry Daugherty, of Ohio.

Colonel Will Be There. After a meeting of a group of Roose

velt managers, unofficially it was announced that Col. Roosevelt would arrive in Chicago either by the middle or latter part of the week, but they declined to name the exact day.

Walter F. Brown, of Toledo, chairman \$1.00 to Harpers Ferry and Martinsburg \$1.35 Berkeley Springs; \$2.00 Cumberland and return. Sunday. June 16. Baltimore and return. Sunday. June 16. Baltimore and Ohio. Special train leaves Union Station 8:20 a. m.

of the Republican State central committee in Ohio and one of the active Roose-

velt leaders, departed from Chicago for the East today, and it was reported that he had gone to Oyster Bay to confer with Col. Roosevelt regarding the develoption situation.

Thomas K. Niedringhaus, of St. Louis, newly elected national committeeman Roosevelt adherent, also departed from Chicago for the East. It was said that | he had gone to Pittsburgh, but the na-DIXON DENOUNCES "PLOT" ture of his mission was not divulged.

> Secretary of the Treasury Franklin MacVeagh arrived from Washington today and met a number of the Taft leaders. Secretary of Commerce and Labor Charles Nagel, former national commiteeman from Missouri, also arrived. Secretary Nagel met Otto F. Steifel, of St. Louis, and other Missouri Taft men. James A. Fowler, of Knoxville, Tenn., aśsistant to Attorney General Wicker-

was another arrival. A large number of Tast delegates from Louisiana and Kentucky tonight opened ndividual State headquarters at hotels. Thomas A. Marlow, national committeeman from Montana and Taft leader, joined the other committeemen and said

Colonel's Right to California Delegates Questioned.

COMMITTEE DELAYS ACTION

Associated Press, Setting Aside Claims of Managers, Estimates That Roosevelt Has 411 Uncontested Delegates ed and 254 Contested.

Special to The Washington Post. Chicago, June 9.-Predictions are made that foud screams will be heard in the Republican national committee tomorrow when the Taft "steam roller" again gets into operation. It will be on account of the determination of the Taft men to pass Arizona and California and put them at the bottom of the list of the States contesting. George A. Knight, the Alaska. member for California, and W. S. Sturges, the member from Arizona, asked that their contests be postponed until Monday Porto Rico in order to allow the men representing the contesting delegations time to reach Chicago. Until this evening Mr. Knight supposed California would be considered tomorrow. Francis J. Heney, one of the delegates at large, arrived today, and was to appear for the two men from the Courth district, whose seats are contest ed. There are no contests filed against any of the other delegates from that

tee to do exactly as they please regarding Roosevelt. The reason for postponing the remainder of the contests, nearly all California will be that once having of which are from the Republican States, been passed, it goes to the bottom of

22 delegates from California on the ground that they were not elected ac-Gov. Hiram W. Johnson for this state At the Taft headquarters, although Rep- and others who thought that the call resentative William B. McKinley, of of the committee should be followed.

May Consider Indiana. It seemed likely tonight that the In diana cases, involving twelve delegatesfour at large and two each in the First Third. Fourth. and Thirteenth congressional districts - would be taken up

The vital importance of the decisions of the national committee on the contests is apparent to anyone studying the lists of delegations. Such study inidentally discloses the great weight which may attach to the 26 delegates. rom Wisconsin and 10 from North Dakota, instructed for La Follette and the 10 from lowa, instructed for Cummins. There is no reconciling the conflicting claim of the Taft and Roosevelt managers regarding the respective strength of their followings; each is figuring into his tables delegations emphatically claimed by the other on the strength of convention indorsements, allegéd pledges, and other more or less substantial grounds.

Associated Press Gives Figures.

Reasonably dependable, however, seem the figures collated by The Associated Press, from which can be derived what may be described as the "bare bones' of the situation. These figures which are unofficial and by no means guaranteed, are as follows: Whole number of delegates, 1,078,

Necessary for nomination, 540. ested. 411.

Instructed for Taft and uncontested, Instructed for La Follette (no con-

Instructed for Cummins (no contests), Uninstructed (including New York's

30), 166, Contested, 254. Of the 254 contested, the national committee has thus far given Taft 72. How the Figures Analyze.

These figures analyze as follows: Instructed for Roosevelt and uncon-Minnesota, 24; Missouri, 12; Nebraska, 6; New Jersey, 28; North Carolina, 16; Ohio, 34; Oklahoma, 16; Oregon, 10; Pennsylvania. 67; South /Dakota. 10; Tennessee. 1; Texas, 6; Vermont, 2; West Virginia, 16. Total, 411.

CONTINUED ON THIRD PAGE

TAFT SURE OF COMMITTEE.

TAFT SURE OF COMMITTEE.

Figures Give Him Majority of at Least One on Credentials Body.

some way to get control of the committee on credentials, before which, in case there is no bolt, all the contests now being thrashed out by the national committee vill come for final disposition. Some of them say they expect to control the committee. How they will do so, however, is SEEMED WELL AT DINNER not apparent. The committee will be composed of one member, from each of the 53 States and Territories. Based on the primary elections and conventions held in the various States up to date, President Taft appears to be certain of at least 27 members, one more than a majority on any committee, and this is after placing ten States in the doubtful column some of which he would be certain to have. Here is a list of the States and

the way they might be expected to line

Minnesota..... Jevada..... New Mexico..... North Carolina..... North Dakota..... (Pennsylvania..... Rhode Island..... Washington.... Dist. Columbia.....

Philippines

Roosevelt Keeps Wires Hot. but Makes Little Comment.

SILENT REGARDING CONTESTS

Patrick W. Cullinan Will Make Nominating Speech for Colonel in Event Comptroller Prendergast Is Not Able to Attend Convention-May Change His Mind and Go to Chicago.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., June 9.—The wires between Sagamore Hill and the Rooseelt headquarters in Chicago were kept busy today as Col. Roosevelt went over plans for the contests before the national committee with his managers. Whatever was decided upon the colonel kept to himself. He said he would add nothing to his statement of last night, in which he attacked the com-

Col. Roosevelt said he had been in formed that in all probability Comproller William A. Prendergast, of New York, who has been ill, would be able to make the nominating speech for him at the convention. In the event Mr. Pendergast's health will not permit, the colonel's name will be presented by Patrick W. Cullinan, of Oswego. A proxy has been arranged for Mr. Cullinan should

No Intention-Yet.

tend the convention.

That is definite proof that I am going Chicago," said the colonel, jestingly. Moreover, it shows my Machiavellian disposition, for I have concealed so well the fact that I am to make the address that I have even concealed it from my-

speeches seconding the colonel's nomina rion, and Truxtun Beale, a Roosevelt del egate from California.

POWDER IN SPAGHETTI GUISE

Ship Explosive to Tripoli. Special Cable to The Washington Post. to resemble spaghetti, so as to deceive

Rome. June 9.-Picric powder molded they are needed."

\$100,000 Worth Objects of Art

Heart Disease Victim.

Several Hours Later His Corpse Is 12-Confederate Memorial Service. Discovered in His Bed.

Chief of Staff for Admiral Dewey in the Spanish War and Friend of President Cleveland-Had Been in Failing Health Several Months-Last Question Was About Baseball-Funeral Services Tuesday-Burial at Arlington.

Rear Admiral Benjamin Peffer Lamber ton, U. S. N., retired, one of Presiden Grover Cleveland's intimate friends, chum of "Fighting" Bob Evans, and chief of Admiral Dewey's staff during the Spanish war, was found dead in his bed last night by his son at his home, 1319 N street northwest. Although his health had been rapidly failing for the past two months, he seemed to be well at dinner last night. After dinner he went to bed, and'when his son went to speak to him at 9:30 o'clock he was dead. Heart dis ease was the cause. Admiral Lamberton, 68 years old, was

one of the most popular officers in the service. He was born in Cumberland county, Pa., February 25, 1844. He was ap pointed to the Naval Academy in 1861, and graduated in 1864.

His Promotion Was Rapid. Owing to his excellent services during the civil war, he was promoted from the grade of ensign to lieutenant commander within a very short time. Within two years after graduation he was raised to the rank of master, and within a half year to the rank of lieutenant commander. In 1869, but five years after his graduation, he was made commander On June 2, 1885, he was given the rank of captain, and in 1898 he was commissioned rear admiral.

While on torpedo duty at the Charlestown navy yard at Boston he made some experiments which made the use of torpedoes at that time possible. He made exhaustive studies of the firing head and the explosives used at that time. During his stay at Charle rown he made some experiments with a crude nitrocellulose

He served more than a year in the civil ar. He was attached to the U.S. America, which had engagements with the Confederate steamers Florida and

Fought at Manila Bay.

In 1903 he was commissioned rear admiral. He was Admiral Dewey's chief of staff at Manila Bay, and in command of Dewey's flagship, the Olympia. He received the surrender of the Spanish officers at Cavite, following the battle of Manila Bay. He was advanced seven numbers for "conspicuous and eminent conduct" during this battle. On his re turn to the United States he was placed in command of the south Atlantic squadron. In 1904 he was ordered to the Naval War College, and a year later he was made chairman of the lighthouse board. He was retired February 26, 1906.

Went Hunting With Cleveland. During Cleveland's second administrachief of the bureau of yards and docks. Juarez last night. a fast friendship sprang up between the men. Many of the stories told about Cleveland's love for the sport of fishing are connected with the name of his friend. Many times the two stole away from their work and went for a hunting or fishing trip in the Potomac River or Chesapeake Bay aboard the old light house tender Maple, which, provisioned in advance, used to slip quietly away from a little-used wharf, at the foot o

Seventh street. "Fighting Bob" Evans considered Rear ives. On the cruise around the world, regret that he could not have accompanied his friend "Bob.'

He was a strong baseball fan, and the last question which he asked his son was "How did the game come out today?" He seemed pleased as a child when he was told that the home team had won its tenth straight game.

Arrangements for the Funeral. During his active service he was con sidered one of the best officers in the navy, and was held in the highest regard by his junior officers and men. Several times during both the civil war and the Spanish war he. distinguished himself by bravery and cool-headed de-

cisions in time of battle. He is survived by a married son, B. I Lamberton, jr. He will be buried in the Arlington National Cemetery beside his wife, who died a year ago. The funeral services will be held on Tuesday.

CUMMINS BOOMERS 'READY.

to Be on Hand in Chicago.

thing is ready for a big Cummins demonstration in Chicago on 15 minutes' notice," said Charles S. Wilcox, a member of a committee in charge of the interests of Senator Albert B. Cummins, before the Republican national convention, who returned tonight from Chicago. "The Cummins-for-President Club has enrolled more than 1,000 members during the past week. If conditions never look right for Cummins, no demonstration

\$95.45 to California Points. And Oriental Rugs at auction Tuesday and Wednesday. Washington Gallery, 1333 G. agents for particulars.

Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, June 11 to 19, valid for return until August 12. Ask

INDEX TO TODAY'S ISSUE.

-U. S. Warship Sent to Havana. Committee Ignores T. R. Criticism, Roosevelt Keeps Wires Hot. Rear Admiral Lamberton Dead. Mexican Rebel Leader Arrested.

President's Yacht Near Collision -20,000 Hear Field Mass. Knights of Columbus End Rally.

-Rush to Democratic Convention

Naval Hero Eulogized. -Hitchcock Urges Parcels Post.

News of Alexandria. 5-Financial Review.

6-Editorial. 7—Society. 8-Sporting Events. 9-Ugly Rumors'About English Derby.

AERO FALLS, KILLING TWO.

Cause of Accident Is Unknown, as Ma-

chine Was Wrecked. Mourmelon. France, June 9.-Kimmering, one of the best known aviators, and

an engineer, Tonnel, who was flying with him as a passenger, were instantly killed today by a fall of 300 feet. Kimmerling was trying out a new monoplane. The machine was seen to oscillate violently, and then suddenly is dropped straight to

The machine was wtecked, and it was, therefore, impossible to ascertain the cause of the accident.

Enrile, Ex-Financier of Mexi can Revolt, a Prisoner.

CLOSE TO DEATH IN JUAREZ who were looking, got a momentary

Taken Before Col. Jose Orozco, Execution Is Ordered, but Frantic Plea for awake showed no signs of panic, but they Life Finally Is Granted-Officer Who Arrested Him Found Dead Later. Captured by a Texas Ranger.

El Paso, Tex., June 9.-Gonzáles C. Enrile, deposed financial executive of the Mexican revolution, fleeing to the United States from enemies in the rebel zone. who tried to kill him, was arrested early today by C. H. Webster, a Texas ranger, as Enrile crossed the International bridge

Tonight Enrile, once right-hand man of Gen. Orozco, author of a caustic anti-American proclamation, and chief promoter of the present revolution, is a prisoner of the United States authorities. His arrest was ordered by the Mexican federal government, which charges Enrile with embezzlement of funds while Ariz., eighteen months ago. His extradition on this charge would place him at the mercy of the Mexican government for

his political acts. Enrile handled the funds of the revolution for three months and admittedly made many enemies, finally being re-

pudiated by Gen. Orozco. Wounded, He Seeks Aid.

Weak from two knife wounds and a bullet hole in his shoulder, sustained in an encounter with two unknown assassins in the city of Chihuahua three weeks ago, Enrile doubted the intentions of his physicians, and sought medical treatment in the United States. After a telegram had been sent an-

message being intended to foil his Juarez enemies. Enrile was placed secretly tion, and while Admiral Lamberton was aboard a train in Chihuahua, arriving in He would have escaped the rebel officials but for the watchfulness of Capt. Carlos Gonzales, chief immigration officer in Juarez. Gonzales arrested Enrile, taking him before Col. Jose Orozco, head of the garrison, who, notwithstanding the

nouncing his death early yesterday, the l

safe conduct issued by his cousin, Gen. Pascual Orozco, the rebel chief, made preparations to execute Enrile.

Begs for His Life. On bended knees the fugitive begged for life, beseeching Col. Pascual Orozco, Admiral Lamberton as one of his best sr., father of the military leader, to get friends, and the two men kept in close in telegraphic communication with his touch with each other throughout their son in Chihuahua. The elder Orozco did so, and finally released Enrile. Early to-Admiral Lamberton often expressed his day Gonzales, who had blocked Enrile's escape, was found dead in a resort, with

a bullet through his brain. The death of Gonzales, who was a the Northland. classmate at Bucknell College of Christy Mathewson, the New York National League pitcher, is unexplained. The gencaused Gonzales' death.

"You might as well get Gen. Orozco."

said Enrile as Ranger Webster led him to jail. "I came only for medical treat- dents, declaring that although education ment, but if the American Federal gov- along scientific lines is useful, "vocaernment'gets me the revolution has lost | tional" education for the negro is better, its personal friend and supporter.' Mexican Consul Lorento today received with several hundred students afterward. word that the rebel forces of Gens. Campa and Argumendo were routed at Nazaz, 50 miles east of Torreon, by Gen. Blanquet and 1,500 federal cavalry, who claim to have the last remnant of the rebels

SPECIAL TRAIN FOR T. R. Boomers Plan to Rush Him to Chicago

surrounded:

shall he go.

if Necessary. New York. June 9.-The stage setting has been arranged by the Roosevelt

boomers for the last play in the series of "grand stand features" which form their program to win the Republican presidential nomination. This became known today when it was learned that the Roosevelt chiefs are ar-

ranging to have a special train in readiness on the New York Central Railroad. prepared at a moment's notice in a dash across the country bearing Col. Roose velt to the convention city. According to the leaders, it has been decided that their candidate shall go to Chicago, the only question being when-

831.00 to Chicago, Ill., and Return. Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, June 14 to 17, valid for return until July 5. Fast At Auction Tuesday and Wednesday through trains with Pullman and diling \$100,000 worth Oriental Rugs. Objects of cars, morning, noon, evening, and night. Art. Washington Gallery 1333 Gat.

Mayflower Narrowly Escapes

TWO CENTS.

PRESIDENT IS NOT TOLD

Being Hit by Northland.

Executive, Mrs. Taft and Party Aboard at the Time.

Officers of Passenger Steamer Say Government Boat Crossed Their Bow After They Had Signaled They Wished to Pass to Port-Quick Action Ends Brief Period of Danger-Executive Talks to Negro Students.

sion early today with the steamer Northland, of the Norfolk and Washington Line, not far from Point Lookout, where the Potomac River flows into Chesapeake Bay. Only the vigilance of the officers of the Northland and the Mayflower and their prompt action prevented

As it happened, the Northland narrowly missed the Mayflower. Officials and one or two persons on the passenger boat, shock. It was a perfectly still, moonlight morning, with no sea running, and the lights of passing vessels could be seen for miles. The few passengers looked relieved when danger was over.

The Mayflower left Washington last night about 6:30 o'clock for Hampton Roads. In addition to the President and-Mrs. Taft, Gen. William Crozier, Representative P. H. Gillet, of Massachusetts: Clarence H. Kelsey and Mrs. Kelsey, of New York: Mrs. Francis G. Newlands, wife of the Nevada senator, and Maj. T. L. Rhoads, U. S. A., and Lleut. J. W. Timmons, U. S. N., aids to the President,

were invited guests. The Northland, on her regular trip to Old Point and Norfolk, left Washington shortly after the Mayflower. Although she kept the presidential yacht in light until dark, and although she is all the speedier boat, Capt. Poscy made no httempt to pass the President. Shortly after the Northland passed into Chesapeake Bay, however, where there is plenty of sea room, the officer on watch decided to forge ahead of the Mayflower. At that time, the navy boat was probconsul under President Diaz at Clifton, ably a third of a mile ahead of the North land, and a few hundred yards to the

starboad of the Northland's course. "Starboard" Signal Returned. The fragment of moon and plenty of bright stars made the bay almost light enough to read by, while there was hardly a puff of wind. The Northland gave a signal that she wished to pass on the Mayflower's port side, and a few seconds later came the response from the yacht, one whistle, meaning that she wished the Northland to pass, not on the port side,

Officers in the Northland's pilot house were astonished when they heard the Mayflower's one whistle, but they were even more surprised when the Mayflower began slowly to cross her bow. It was a few seconds before they grasped just what was happening, but when they did four or five sharp, short blasts sounded from the Northland's whistle, meaning

'danger, lookout.'' The quartermaster at her wheel re ceived a sharp order. He flung the wheel over, the engines of the Northland were slowed down, she sheered to starboard with a shudder, and the Mayflower made her way across the Northland's course with a gulf of deep green water between that quickly narrowed to less than 1.000 feet. Once beyond the Northland's course the Mayflower seemed to slow up, and the Northland passed on her starboard quar-

The President had only one engagement here today. With Mrs. Taft and their guests, he took breakfast with Dr. H. B. eral impression is that friends of Enrile Frissell, of Hampton Institute, of which he is a trustee. He later watched the institute battalion drill and attended chanel. where he made a brief speech to the stufor the present at least. He shook hands From Hampton the President and his party were taken aboard the U.S. S. Sylph for a 40-mile trip up the James River, with a short stop at Jamestown Island, where the first English settlenent in America was made 305 years ago. Leaving here on the Mayflower tonight. the President is due in Washington at noon tomorrow.

NEWPORT'S SUNDAY GAY.

Pulpit Attacks on Sunday Festivities Fail to Affect Cottagers.

preach against enjoyment of the Sabbath by the rich and poor alike, but members of the cottage settlement in Newbort are going to have their pleasures on Sunday, especially the men who are here only for the week-ends. Today there were tennis players at the

luncheon parties given numerously. Mrs. John R. Drexel, Mrs. French Vanderbilt, and Mrs. Reginald Norman Pembroke Jones entertained. Many others assembled at the fashionable clubs.

Special to The Washington Post. ments of the last 24 hours in the conven-Chicago, June 9.-Managers of Col. Roosevelt have been striving to figure out Rear Admiral B. P. Lamberton from Missouri, and another prominent

MacVeagh and Nagel Arrive.

sham, visited the Taft headquarters, accompanied by Congressman Sam R. Sells, of Tennessee. H. C. True, of Tennessee,

he would sit in the remaining sessions. TAFT MAY GET ALL 22

Taft, 201, While 166 Are Uninstruct-

It was expected that the Fourth dis trict would be taken up at once. At least that was the understanding of Mr. Knight and other members of the committee who are supporting Col.

the list. That is the public reason. The real reason is that the committee may possibly want to unseat the cording to the call of the national committee, but by the entire State at large. California men supporting Col. Roosevelt are bitterly condemning of affairs, saving that he insisted upon clecting all the delegates at large against the advice of Senator Borah

first when the committee meets at 10 a.

Instructed for Roosevelt and uncon-

liana, 10: Kansas, 18; Kentucky, 1; Mary- and thence to the Turkish camps in Tripland, 16; Massachusetts, 18; Michigan, 10; oli, the raw material for bombs and

Thus President Taft appears certa margin of one against the field

Once more the colonel was asked whether he was going to Chicago, and he again responded that while he had no intention of going, he might change his mind. He was told of a report that he had agreed to make an address in Chicago Thursday night, which had been cited in support of the contention that he had decided to at-

Col. Roosevelt had several visitors to day. Among them were former Representative Richmond Pearson, of North Carolina, who is to make one of the

Turks, Fooling French Customs Officers,

the French customs authorities on the Tripoli-Tunisian frontier, is the latest means whereby the Turkish commissariat California. 24; Illinois, 56; In- has succeeded in introducing into Tunis cartridges. The discovery was made several days ago by an Italian war correspondent, who has been doing amateur spy work.

Brass' Bands, Uniforms, and Marchers Des Moines. Iowa, June 9.-"Every

cluding bands and marching uniforms for hundreds, has been made in case Senator Kenyon, who is heading the committee in charge of Cummins' interests, started for Chicago tonight.

Old Point, Va., June 9.-The presidential yacht Mayflower, with the President and Mrs. Taft and party of their distinguished guests aboard, narrowly escaped a colli-

what looked for a minute like an acci-

In the President's Party.

but on the starboard.

Incident Kept From President.

The Northland came into Old Point at 7 clock this morning on time. The Mayflower dropped anchor off Fort Monroe shortly after 8 o'clock. President Taft was not told of the incident this morning, but it was discussed in the aidroom of the Mayflower and among the officers of

pecial to The Washington Post. Newport, R. I., June 9.-Ministers may

Casino, golfers at the Newport Golf Club. sailing parties, house parties, dinner and

Reproduced with permission of the copyright owner. Further reproduction prohibited without permission.