

How Image Density is Distributed between Concentric Circles of Internal Subdivision Points and Polygonal Vertices

The rows switch **S** and **n** so that nS = 210 and **J** produces the sharpest VF star possible: Top row, $n = 14 = 2 \cdot 7$, J = 5, S = 15; Bottom row, $n = 15 = 3 \cdot 5$, J = 7, S = 14. SCF varies by column from 1 to 2 to 3 to 6 by adjusting $36 \le P \le 39$. As noted in 2.2i, image density depends on SCF and SCF depends on divisibility of **P** with **n** and **S**, chosen here to have no factors in common with one another in order to clarify how the interaction occurs. The table below summarizes these interactions.

210 lines	5	Fraction	Fraction of Re		ason <u>1</u> 05 lines		Fraction	Fraction of	of Reason		70 lines	Fraction	Fraction of	Reason		35 lines	Fraction	Fraction of	Reason	
		of vertices	s used per				of vertices	s used per				of vertices	s used per				of vertices	s used per		
Dens	ity	used	cycle, 🎯	GCD(n , P)	GCD(S , P)	Density	used	cycle, 🎯	GCD(n , P)	GCD(S , P)	Density	used	cycle, 🎯	GCD(<i>n</i> , <i>P</i>)	GCD(S , P)	Density	used	cycle, 🎯	GCD(<i>n</i> , <i>P</i>)	GCD(S , P)
Тор	1	1	1	1	1	1/2	1/2	1	2	1	1/3	1	1/3	1	3	1/6	1/2	1/3	2	3
Bottom	1	1	1	1	1	1/2	1	1/2	1	2	1/3	1/3	1	3	1	1/6	1/3	1/2	3	2

Challenge Questions: Without looking at the String Art file, suppose P = 77 = 7.11 or P = 91 = 7.13. Given (*n*, *S*, *J*) values for Top (14, 15, 5) and Bottom (15, 14, 7) rows, consider what the image might look like in each instance. In particular, what fraction of vertices and what fraction of *S* is used per cycle in each instance? **FACT:** One of these four *n*, *S*, *P*, *J* values is a *Sunburst Polygon*. Can you guess as to whether *n* = 14 or *n* = 15 in this instance? Verify your answers with the file.