## Four Sets of Single-Cycle 7-line Images Beyond 7-Point Stars

When $\boldsymbol{J}$ is small relative to $\boldsymbol{n} / 2$ we typically see some form of a $7, \boldsymbol{b}$-star but if $\boldsymbol{J}$ is close to $\boldsymbol{n} / \mathbf{2}$ more complex images often emerge. These images come in sets of three for reasons discussed here. The $\boldsymbol{k}=1$ version will not always produce the image shown if $\boldsymbol{n}$ and $\boldsymbol{J}$ change. Instead, they rotate in a set of three, whichever base image they start from. The first $\boldsymbol{S}$ lines (cycle) of the nearest single-step $S>21$ is shown to highlight the structural distortion pattern to the base image.

Base Image $\boldsymbol{k}=1$ First Cycle Base Image $\boldsymbol{k}=2$ First Cycle Base Image $\boldsymbol{k}=3$ First Cycle


This row is like $\boldsymbol{n}=3 \boldsymbol{J}-7$ for $\boldsymbol{J}<\boldsymbol{n} / \mathbf{2}$ and $\boldsymbol{J}$ not divisible by 7 , starting at $\boldsymbol{J}=8$. Also $(59,29)$.


This row is like $(\boldsymbol{n}, \mathrm{J})$ pairs: $(8,3),(11,5),(19,8),(25,12),(27,11),(29,10),(30,13),(31,15),(36,17),(53,19),(53,26),(59,23)$.


This row is like these $(n, J)$ pairs: $(19,9),(23,11),(24,11),(29,13),(33,16),(34,15),(37,18),(53,24),(59,25),(59,27)$.


This row is like these $(\boldsymbol{n}, \mathrm{J})$ pairs: $(9,4),(13,5),(17,6),(22,9),(24,11),(31,13),(43,16),(53,22)$.

