

Ecologically based weed management: insights and applications

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Adaptive management

- **Know your weeds**
- **Design rotation to optimize weed suppression**
- **Make cultural practices work for you**
- **Get your timing right**

Adaptive management

- **Know your weeds**
 - Perennial weeds



http://www.ontariowildflower.com/wildflower_waste.htm







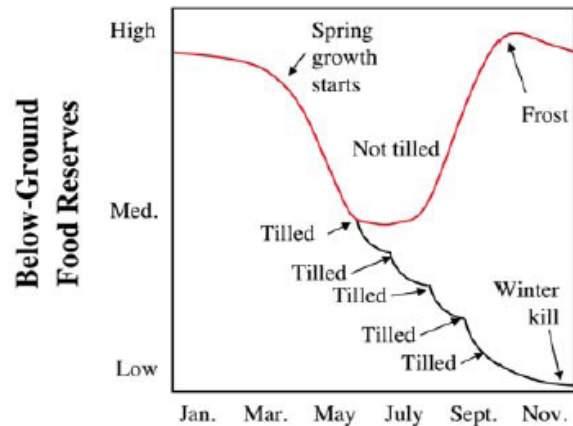
<http://www.sdstate.edu/>

1-gram rhizome segments 65 days ago



TIMING OF TILLAGE⁸

In the absence of tillage, quackgrass relies on below-ground food reserves (carbohydrates) to support early-season vegetative growth. If young quackgrass plants are allowed to grow three or four leaves, they will begin to send out new rhizomes, and also reach sufficient photosynthetic capacity to begin accumulating new stores of sugar in the roots.



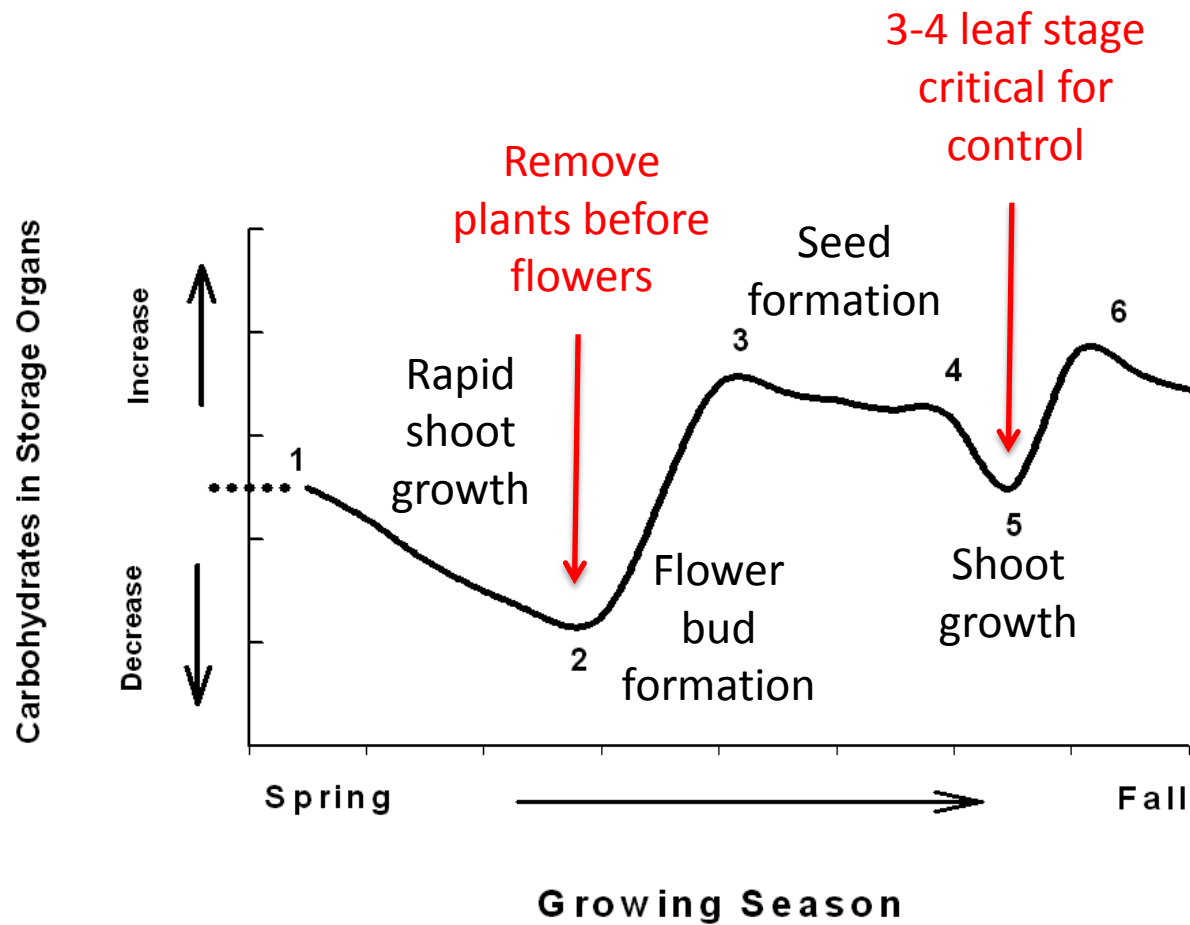
Tillage should begin in the spring, when carbohydrate reserves have been expended on new growth, but before they are rebuilt through new photosynthetic activity. Each tillage operation removes the new shoot growth and forces the plant to sprout again, until its below-ground food reserves are completely exhausted.

3-4 leaf stage critical for control



Photo: E. Gallandt

Food reserves in Canada thistle rhizomes



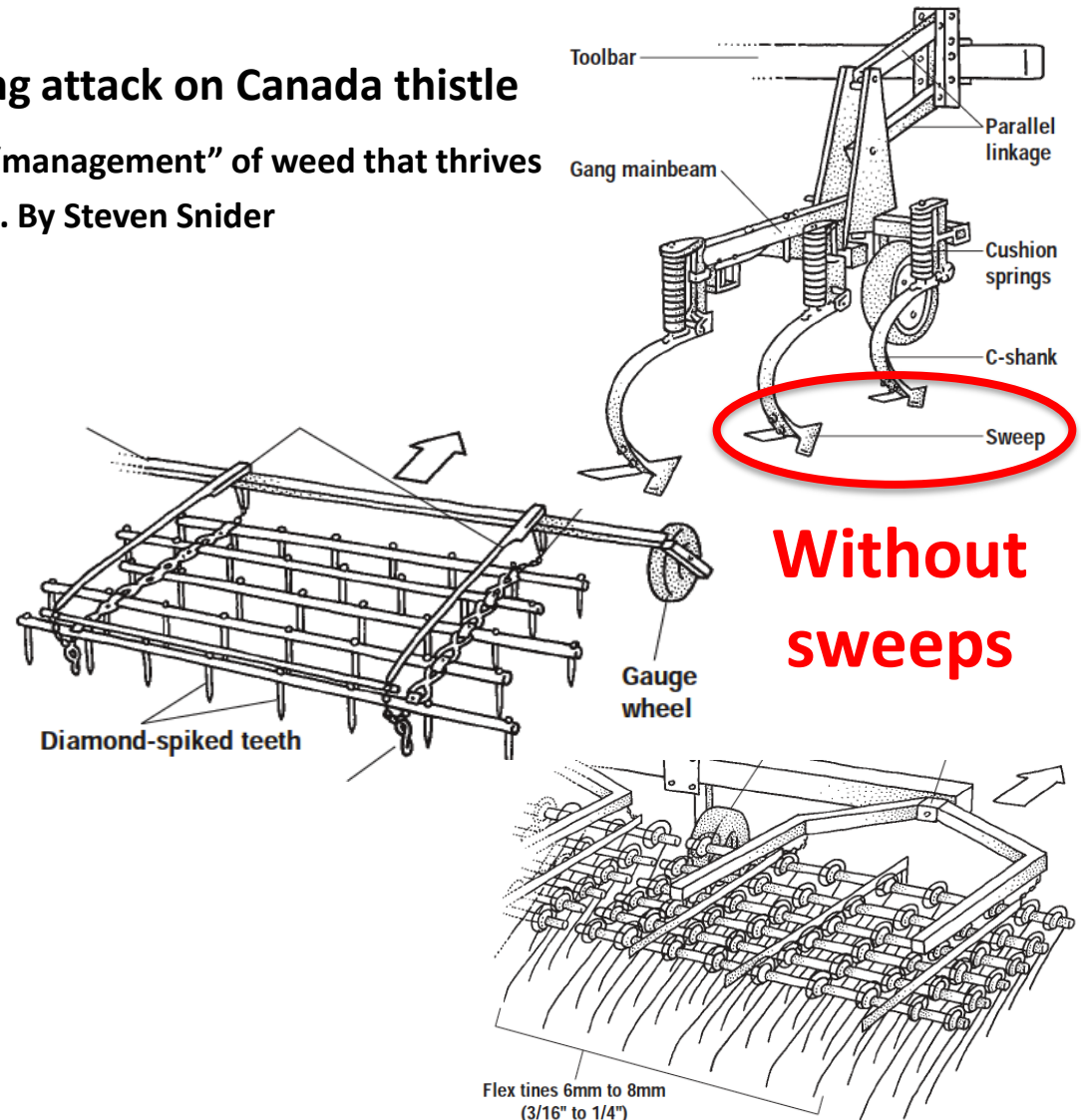
Cultivation for perennial weeds

Canadian farmer shares his two-prong attack on Canada thistle

Tools, technique, cropping sequence optimize “management” of weed that thrives on slicing and dicing of cultivation with sweeps. By Steven Snider

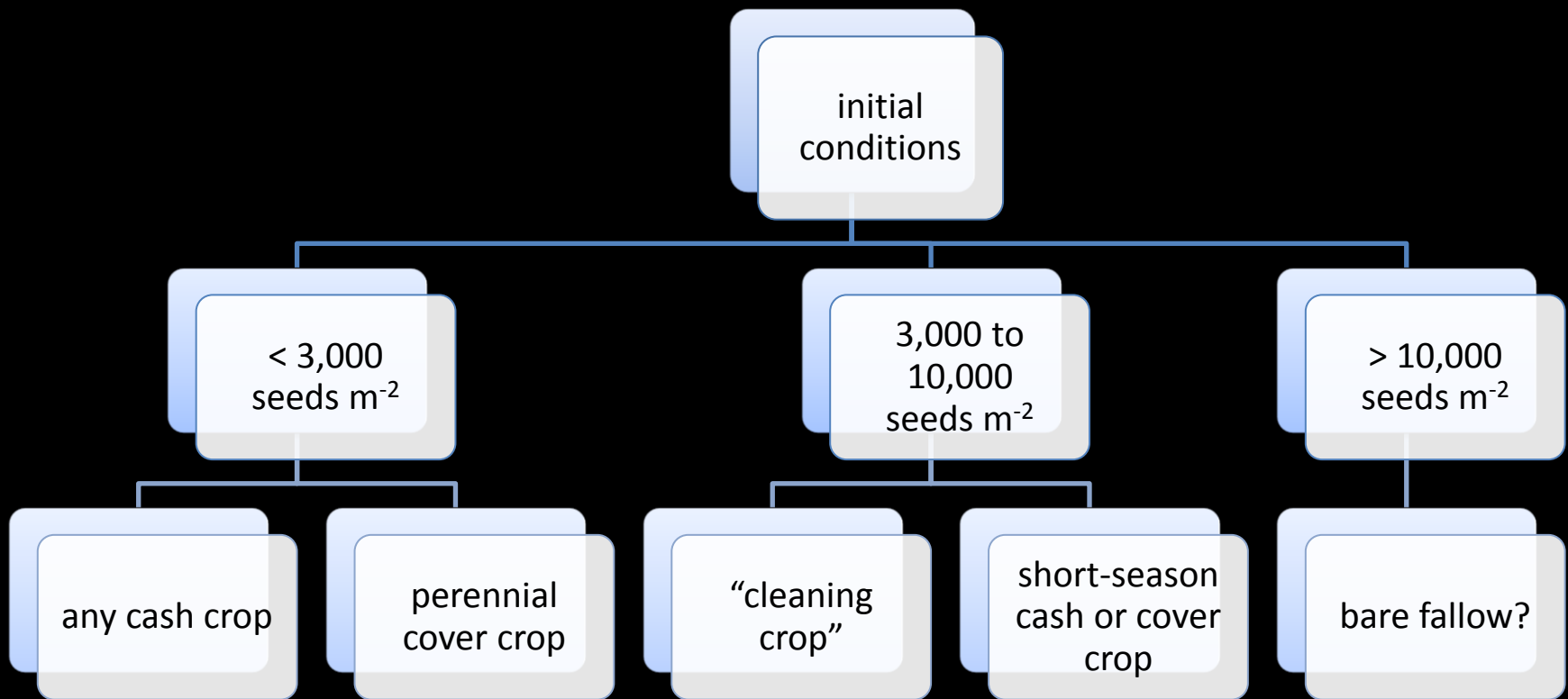


<http://www.rodaleinstitute.org/2006810/snider>



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 - Sequences, false seedbed, 2 x 2 rotation



1. *What are my cash or cover crop options?*
2. *What are the planting and harvest dates in relation to emergence and seed rain of primary weed species?*
3. *How effective are available cultivation programs?*
4. *What is the likelihood of abundant seed rain? Of preempting seed rain?*



**Anne and Eric Nordell
Beech Grove Farm
Trout Run, PA**

“Weed the soil, not the crop”

- Zero tolerance for weed seeds
- Skim plowing
- Rotational cover cropping
 - cover crop / fallow / cover crop
 - timing of fallow alternates: spring / summer
 - fallow events include harrowing & cultipacking
- Intercropping
 - e.g., hairy vetch cover crop in onion, leek

Soil weed seed banks



Dixmont, ME

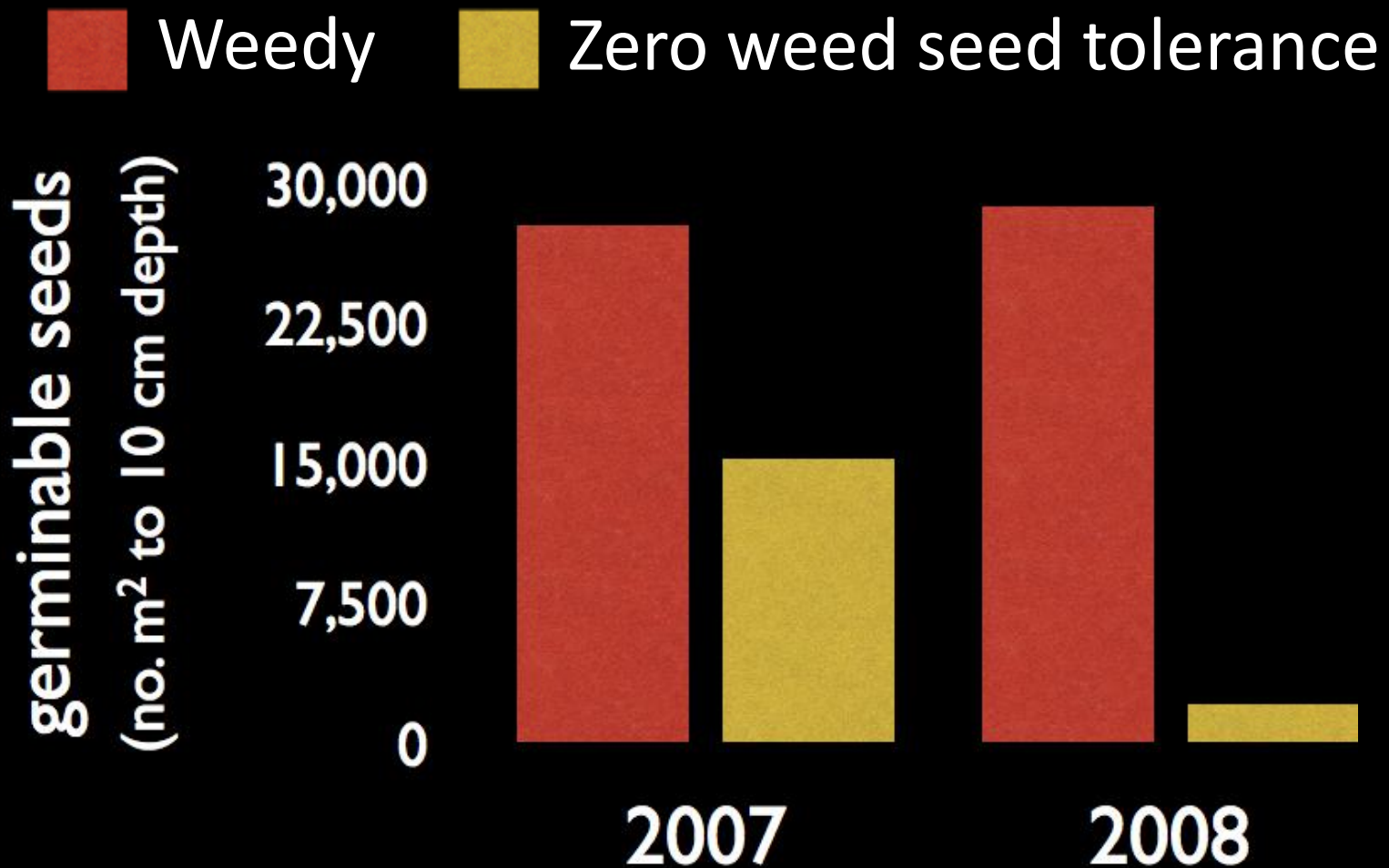
Durham, ME

Trout Run, PA





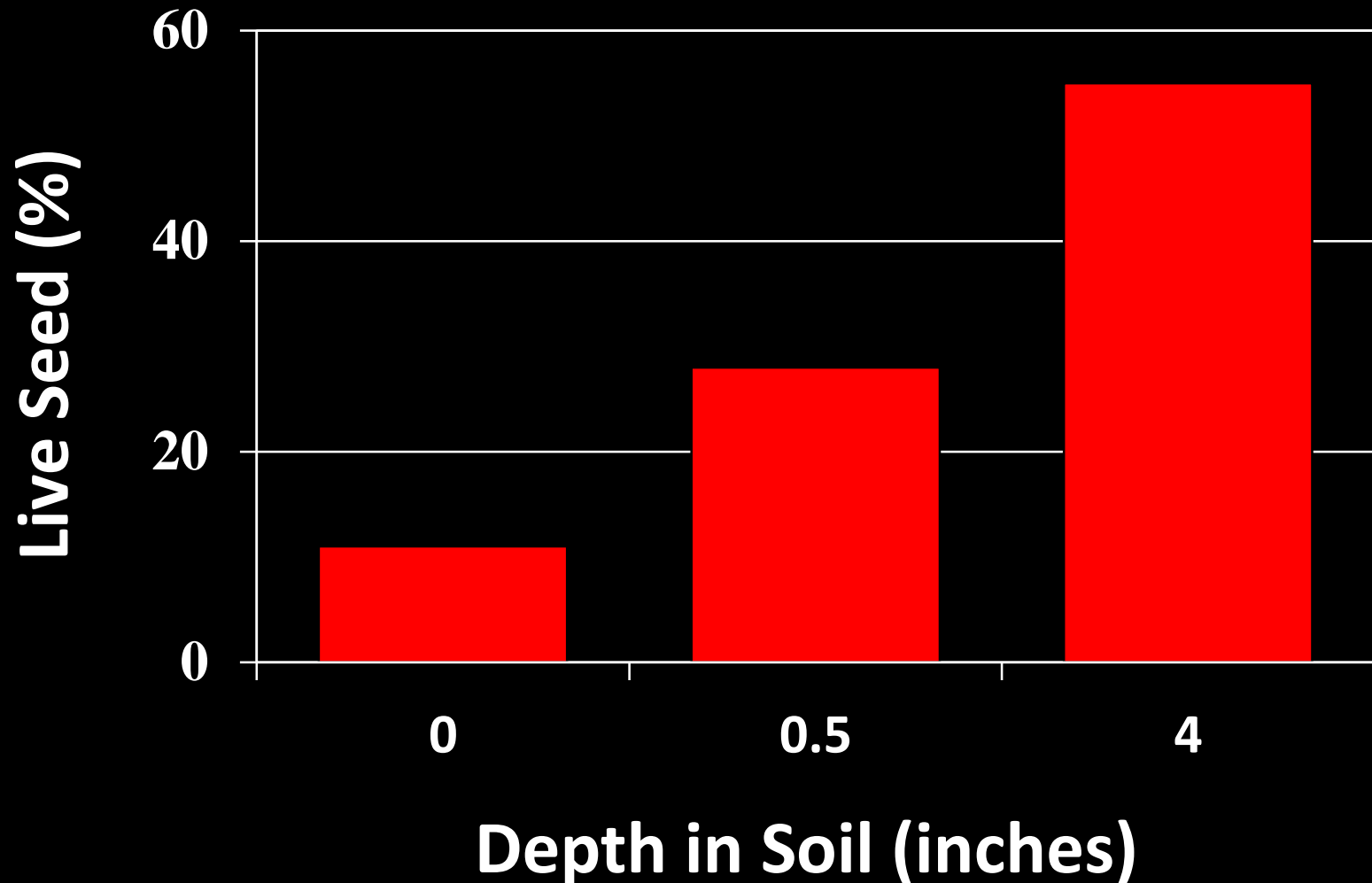
Effects on next year's seed bank



Is 1 year's seeding really 7 years weeding?

Weed species	Year to 50% reduction	Years to 99% reduction
Common lambsquarters	12	78
Field pennycress	6	38
Common cocklebur	6	37
Yellow foxtail	5	30
Prostrate knotweed	4	30
Shepherd's purse	3	11
Giant foxtail	< 1	5

Green foxtail seed survival after 2 year in soil



60-80% loss of seeds

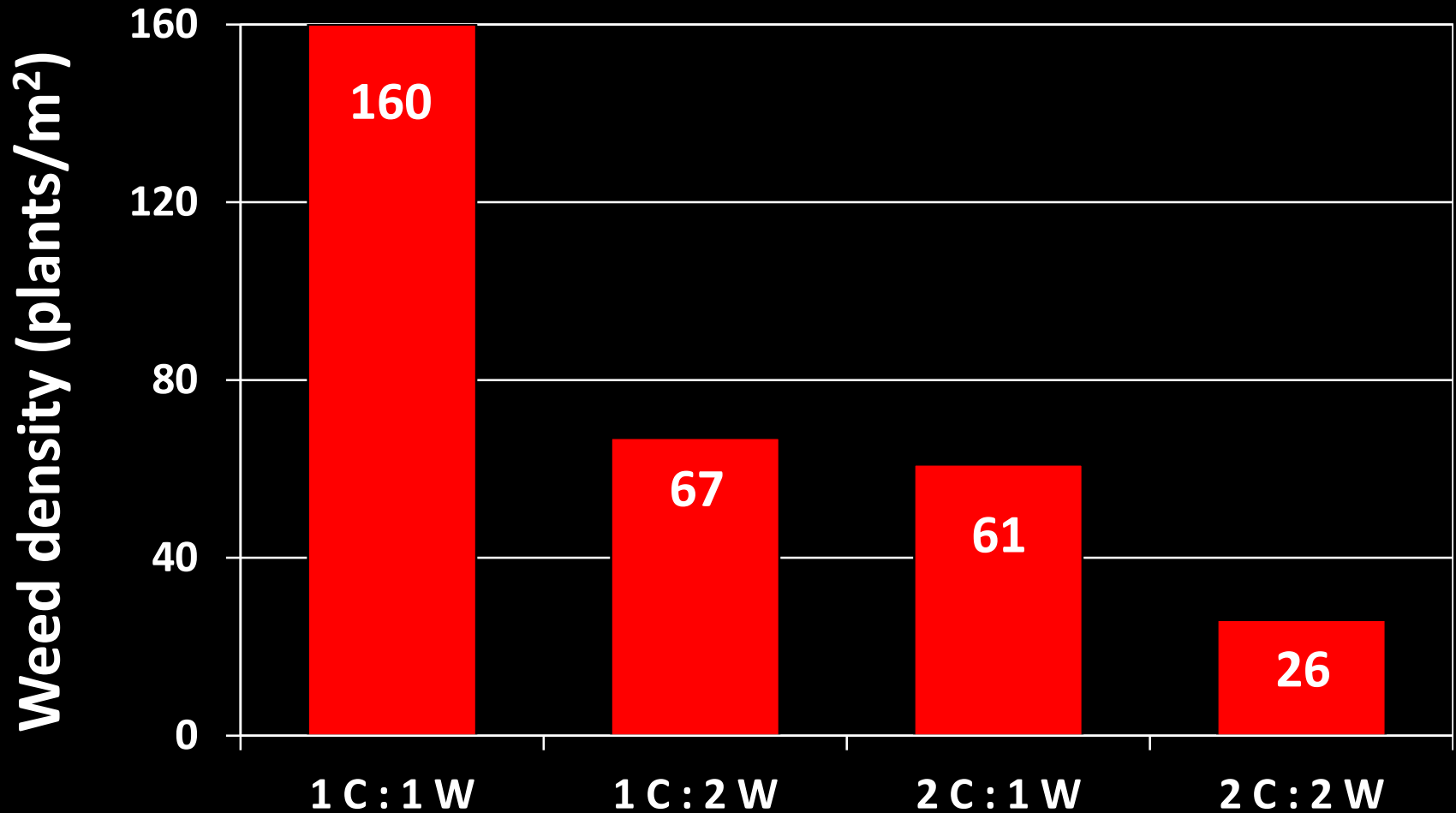
The longer the seeds
remain on the surface,
the more predation



<http://www.weeds.iastate.edu/mgmt/2006/seedpredators.shtml>

Effect of crop rotation on weed abundance:

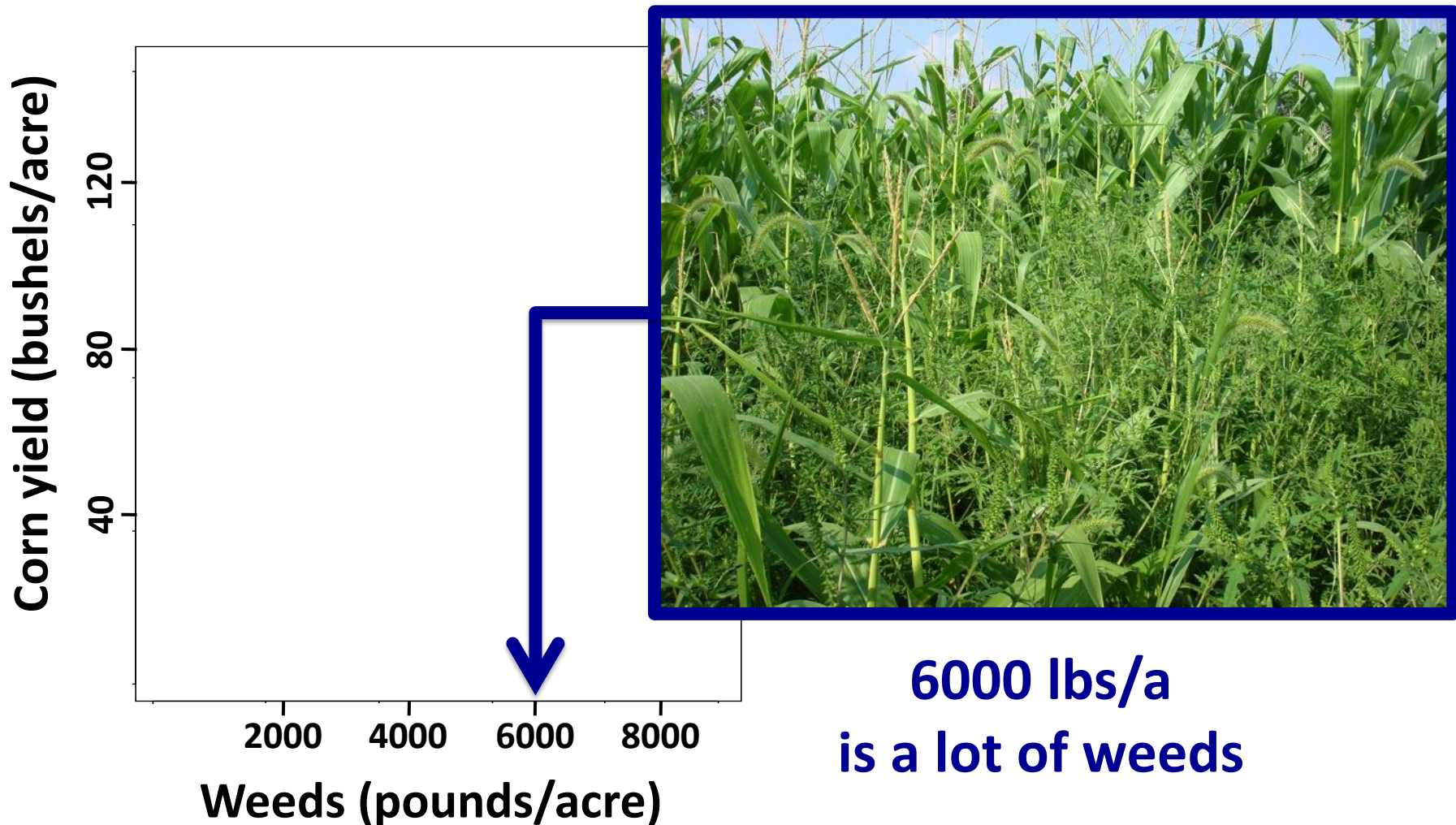
Ratio of cool (C) to warm (W) season crops



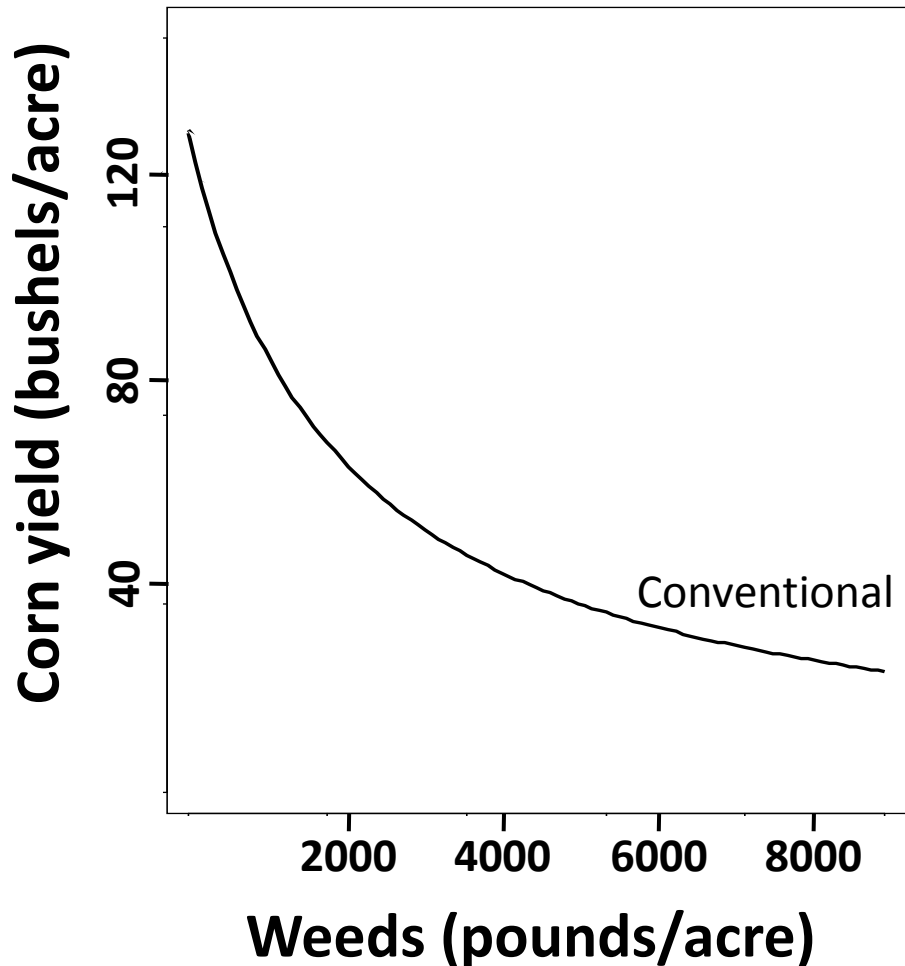
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Relationship between corn yield and weed biomass in the Rodale Farming Systems Trial (1981-2007)

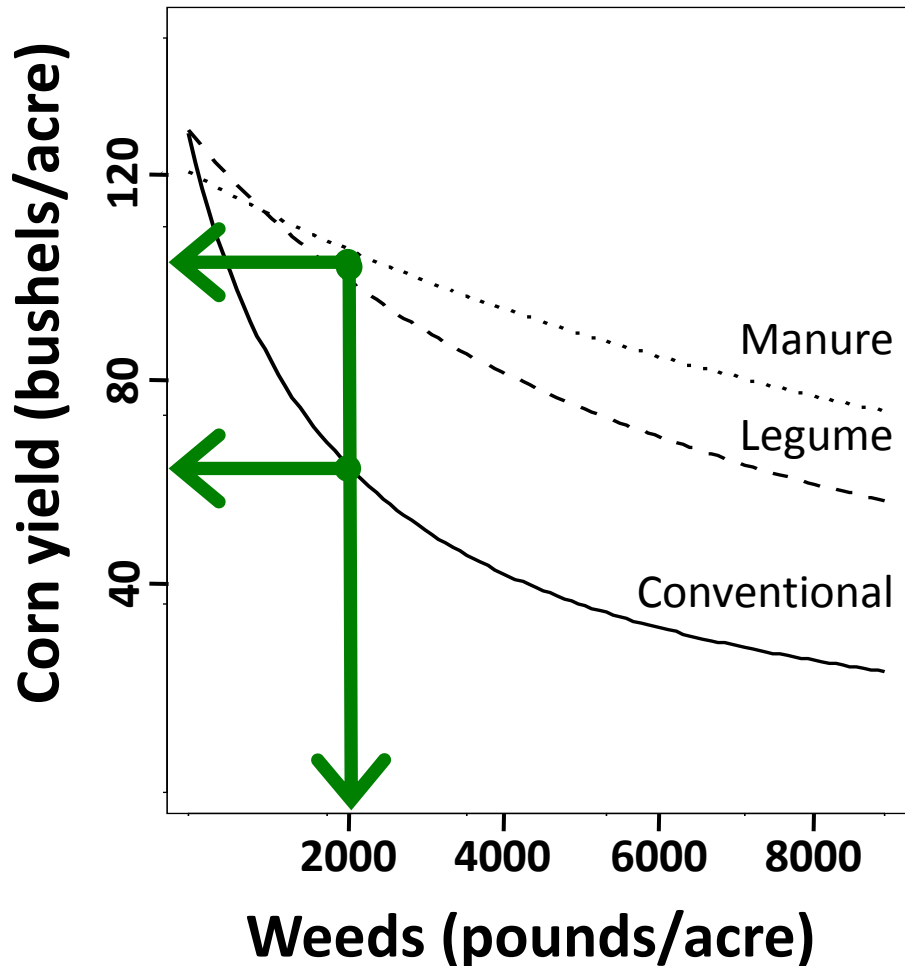


Relationship between corn yield and weed biomass in the Rodale Farming Systems Trial (1981-2007)



**Weeds in
organic corn
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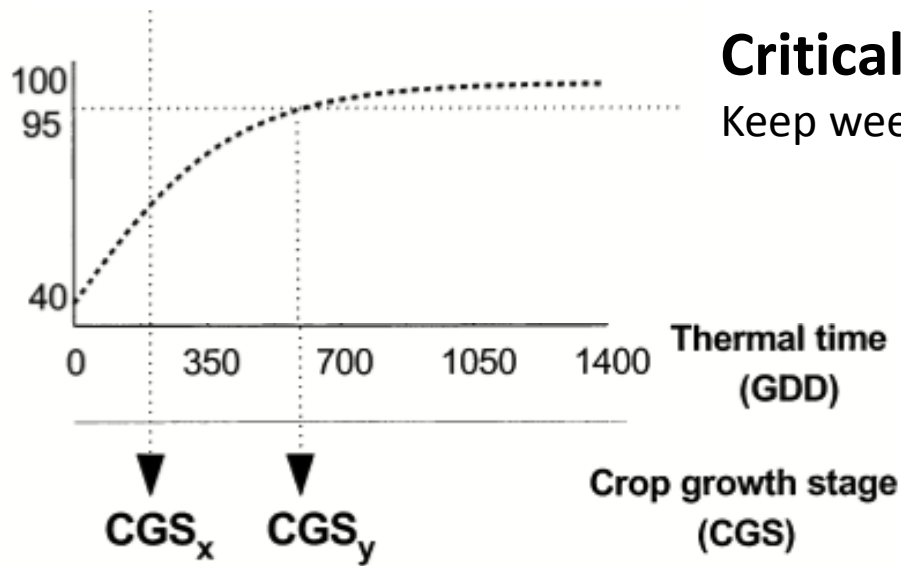
**Weeds in
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Why?

Possible reasons for difference in tolerance to weeds

- Later planting of organic crops
 - Warmer soil and fewer weeds
- Higher seeding rate in organic crops
 - Increase the relative competitive ability of crops
- Greater soil organic matter in organic plots
 - Cover crops, manure, and compost
- Soil nutrient availability more synchronized with crop demand
 - Mineralization of organic matter vs. mineral fertilizer
- Weeds growing after period when they compete with the crop

Relative yield (% of weed-free)

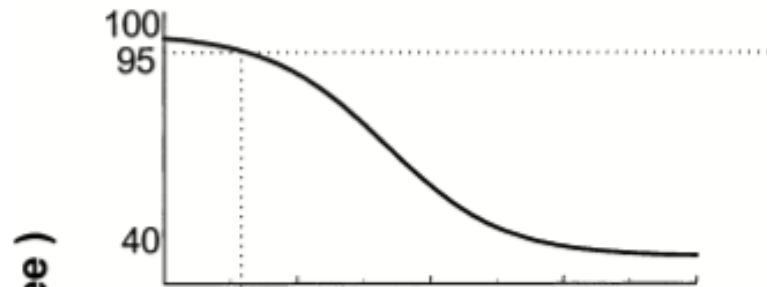


Critical weed-free period

Keep weeds out, then allowed to get weedy

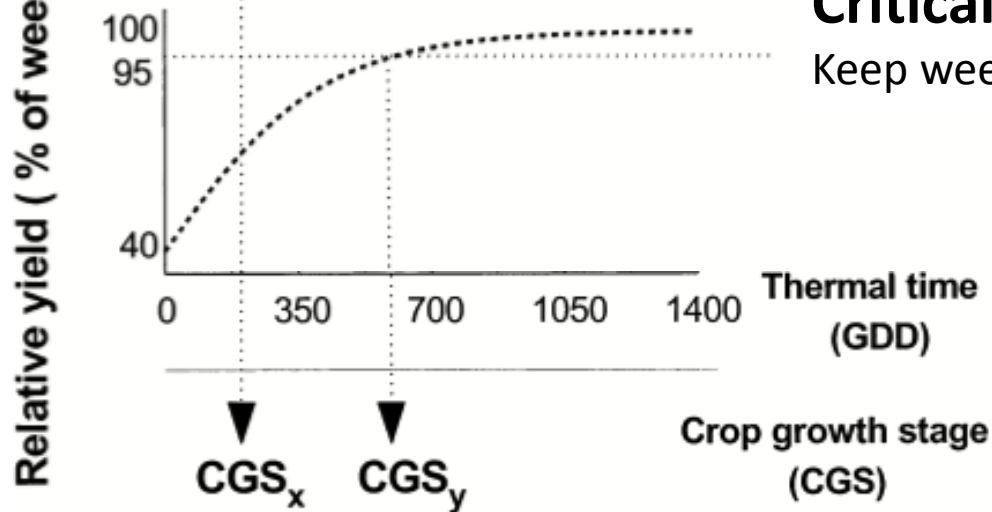
Critical timing for weed removal

Weedy, then kept weed-free



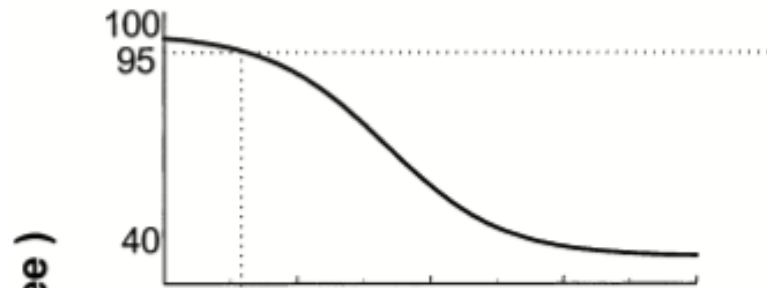
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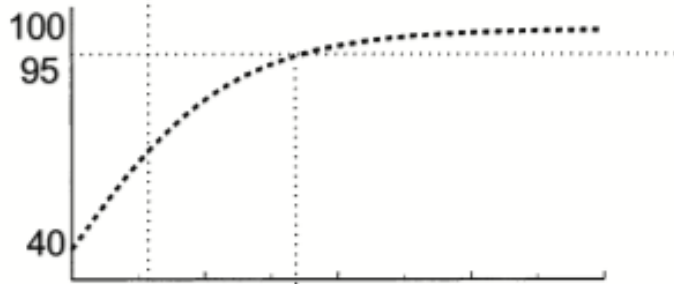
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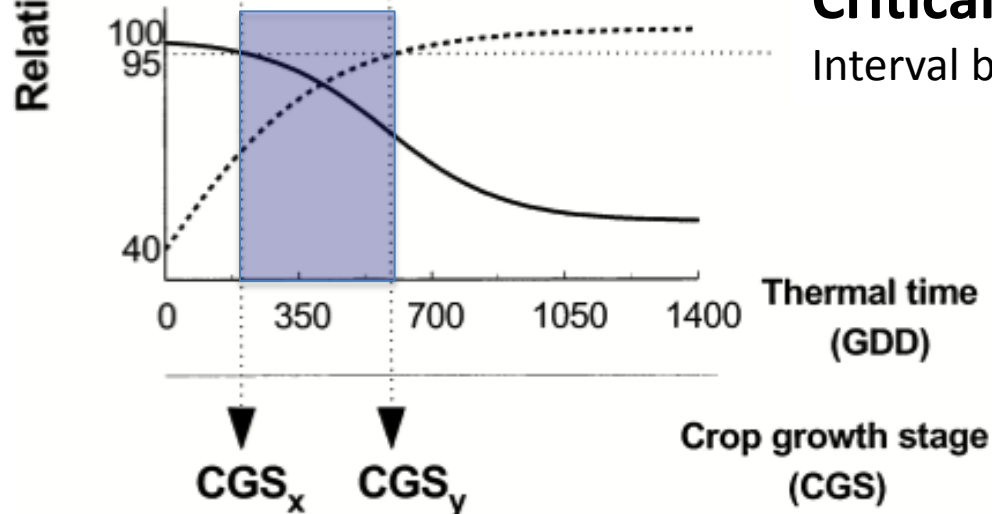
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Critical period for weed control

Interval between



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 - White thread stage and size hierarchy

Summer

Autumn

Vegetative Growth

Seedling

Focus effort on
vulnerable stages

Seed Production

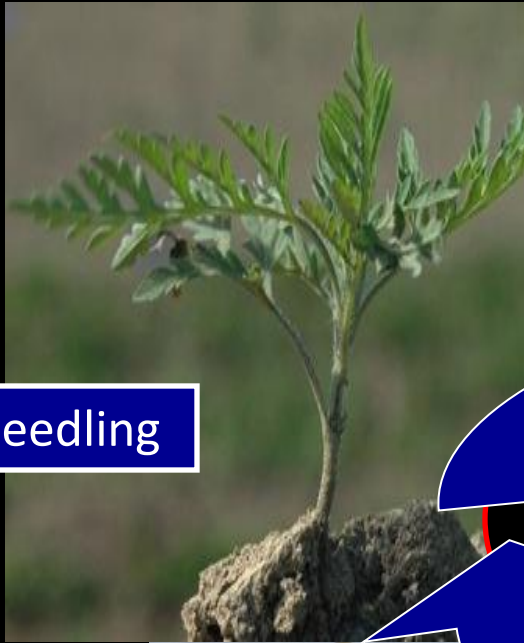
White Thread Stage

Dormancy

Germination

Spring

Winter





Before



After



Additional resources

- **Creating a weed management plan**
 - <http://extension.psu.edu/start-farming/vegetables/creating-a-weed-management-plan-for-your-organic-farm/view>
- **Quackgrass management on organic farms**
 - <http://www.umaine.edu/weedecology/weed-management/fact-sheets/quackgrass-management.pdf>
- **Managing Canada thistle in organic cropping systems**
 - Randy Anderson email: randy.anderson@ars.usda.gov
- **Integrated Weed Management “One Year’s Seeding...”**
 - <http://www.msuweeds.com/publications/extension-publications/iwm-one-years-seeding-e-2931/>
- **Weeds of the Northeast**
 - <http://www.cornellpress.cornell.edu/book/?GCOI=80140100077290>